

Dr Dorothea M. Tudor (1870 -1947)

Dorothea was born 10th November 1870, in Hornsea, Yorkshire. Her father was a white lead merchant. He died in 1882 which may have been the reason why she had to embark on a career. Dorothea was one of Madame's very early student. She completed her training in 1892. Madame's report in 1893 recorded Dorothea was teaching at Brighthelm, Birkdale Park, Southport. In 1898 she was in private practice in Harrogate and in 1901 was a Swedish masseuse and gymnast in Harrogate. She embarked on her medical career in 1903.

The 1910 UK and Ireland Medical Directory suggests she qualified MB.,BS.,Durham 1909 (*Lond. Sch. Med. Wom.*)

In 1912, during the first Balkan War, Dorothea Tudor went out to Bulgaria, with Mrs St Clair Stobart. Dorothea was one of the three doctors, in the Women's Sick and Wounded Convoy Corps who, with six nurses plus helpers and cooks, travelled by ox for seven days to Kirklareli. The unit worked together treating the wounded and sick until the armistice was signed five weeks later.

Mrs Stobart's team included three women doctors, 'for the purpose of fully demonstrating my argument that women are capable of undertaking all work in connection with the sick and wounded in warfare'. <https://womanandhersphere.com/2014/05/06/women-and-the-first-world-war-the-work-of-women-doctors/>

In the early 1920s Dorothea was working in London but, by 1924, she was working as a doctor in Leamington.

Dorothea died in 1947, in Leamington Spa.